SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY SPRING SEMESTER 2005

⇒ EDUC 487-4 SPECIAL TOPICS: COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL HEALTH EDUCATION PLANNING

(D01.00)

(ancelled (low enrolement)

DR. COLIN MANGHAM
Office: TBA

WEDNESDAY 16:30-20:20 in EDB 7610

PREREQUISITE: 60 credit hours

Course Description

Comprehensive School Health Education is the term used in Canada to refer to school based curricula, services and other activities and polices promoting health in the school community. In British Columbia, the curriculum component exists in the form of Personal Planning (Elementary) and Career and Personal Planning (Secondary). In Canada, health education frequently is viewed in context of the broader frameworks of population health, public health and health promotion. It subsists in some form in all provinces and territories, sometimes alone, sometimes allied with other subjects such as physical education, science or guidance. In the past, little specific pre-service training has been available for teachers who will be expected to health education. This course is intended to provide some of that training by assisting students in formulating and designing a plan for comprehensive school health promotion that fits with prescribed learning outcomes while meeting local and individual needs and preferences.

After reviewing basic concepts in health education and population health promotion, students will design a health education unit for a grade level and thematic or content area of their choosing. They will work from beginning to end, choosing a planning framework from among several that are available and working through the tasks that will lead to a cohesive program of study. The planning process will include organizing around content or theme; identifying prescribed and desired outcomes; generating specific learning and action outcomes; coordinating the unit with community resources and efforts, school services and environments; developing best practice and evidence based learning activities to meet the desired outcomes; tying the unit into other subject areas for synergy in learning, finding ways to challenge students; and evaluating outcomes appropriately.

Course Objectives:

As a result of the course, students will:

- 1. Demonstrate understanding of basic concepts in health education, population health and health promotion in Canada.
- Identify different planning frameworks and their advantages and disadvantages.

3. Apply one or more of these frameworks in creating a unit of study in elementary or secondary health education

Text: To be announced. Required readings as noted in syllabus. These will be available as a course packet and in many cases electronically.

Return to Education's Undergraduate 2005-1 Course Outlines Main Page.

EDUC 48%

Comprehensive School Health Education Planning

Instructor: Dr. Colin Mangham

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Scheduled Topics/Readings

Week/Topics	Text and other Readings			
1. School Health Education in	Canadian Association for School Health, (undated)			
Canada: Current trends, future	Consensus Statement on Comprehensive School			
directions	Health.			
	http://www.schoolfile.com/cash/consensus.htm			
2. School health education:	US State School Health Curricula Scopes and			
Where does it fit? How is it	Sequences (Oregon, Wisconsin).			
structured, how it is done				
elsewhere, examples from				
different jurisdictions	McBride, N., Midford, R. & Cameron, I. (1999). An			
	empirical model for school health promotion: The			

V (1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Western Australian school health project model.			
	Health Education International, 14 (1), 17-25.			
3. Planning School Health	Health Canada. The Population Health Approach.			
Education Planning Frameworks	http://www.hc-			
I: Choosing a Planning Template	sc.gc.ca/hppb/phdd/approach/index.html			
4. Planning Comprehensive	Youth Development Approaches: McCreary Centre			
School Health Education	Society. (2002). Accenting the Positive: A			
Planning Frameworks II:	Developmental Framework For Reducing Risk And			
Choosing an Approach	Promoting Positive Outcomes Among BC Youth.			
	Vancouver, authors.			
5. Planning Comprehensive	Accepte Board Americanhage Sourch Institutes Healthy			
School Health Education	Assets Based Approaches: Search Institute: Healthy			
	Schools, Healthy Youth http://www.search-			
Planning Frameworks III:	institute.org/communities/hchy.htm			
Choosing an Approach				
6. Planning Comprehensive	Communities That Care, The Whistler Process,			
School Health Education	Healthy Communities, BC Provincial Infrastructure			
Planning Frameworks IV:	for Community Health			
Working With the Community				
	Health Canada. Strong Families, Healthy Children -			
	Canada's Community Action Program for Children:			
	Celebrating the Community Action Program for			
,	Children			
7. Planning Comprehensive	Health Canada, Population and Public Health			
School Health Education	Branch. Voices and Choices: Planning For School			
Planning Frameworks V:	Health http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/pphb-dgspsp/vc-			

Choosing Learning Strategies	ss/data_e.html
8. Planning Comprehensive	
School Health Education	
Planning Frameworks VI: More	
learning Strategies	
O. Planning Comprehensive	Mangham C. Making Dagisianas Classes and
9. Planning Comprehensive School Health Education	Mangham, C. Making Decisions: Classroom Resources For Grade 8 and 9.
Planning Frameworks VII:	Resources For Grade 8 and 9.
Developing Synergism Through	
Integration	
10. Planning Comprehensive	
School Health Education	
Planning Frameworks X:	
Challenging Today's Students	
11. Planning Comprehensive	
School Health Education	
Planning Frameworks XI:	
Evaluating What? Choosing the	
Best Evaluation	
12. Class Presentations	
12. Class Fieschiauons	
12 Class Decembring II. Was	
13. Class Presentations II; Wrap	
Up	

Evaluation

Specifics of each item will be given in class:

Term Project 50%

Issue Paper 20%

Class Presentation 10%

In Class Readings Quiz 1 10%

In Class Readings Quiz II 10%

Term Project: Using principles and concepts learned in class and in the readings, students will prepare a one month unit of study in comprehensive health education that will fit within the confines of the Personal Planning or Career / Personal Planning curriculum as taught in a BC school district or as proposed by the student. This unit may be on a health content topic or on a health theme. It should follow a specific planning framework and address each planning step. Two documents will be turned in 1) a description of the rationale, background, structure, and content of the unit, and 2) detailed lesson plans addressing all planning elements from learning outcomes to evaluation. These will be shared with other students and presented in class. Each student will present his or her project briefly in class.

Issue Paper: Students will prepare a concise (2,000 words maximum excluding references) paper on a health education topic of their own interest. The paper should discuss the topic, relate it to school health education, and where appropriate, offer suggestions or recommendations for possible actions by schools, government and / communities.

Group Project: Working in groups of 3 to 4, students will identify a current trend or issue of their choosing, and prepare and deliver a 30-minute class presentation. This presentation should include a) background of the issue, b) current trends, c) health promotion/population health solutions, and d) What schools can do, with a list of currently available tools for addressing it. (Presentations will begin in Week 5.)

Class Quizzes: Short in-class tests on knowledge of content of the readings. Times to be announced, one near mid-term and one in the latter part of the term.

Grading of subjective portions of assignments will be as follows (0 is failing):

Dimension	Barely	Fair	Good	Exceptional
	satisfactory (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Overall quality of presentation:				
Writing quality, proper use of citations where required or needed organization.				
Synthesis of research/ideas:				
Pulling concepts together in a unified picture				
Understanding of concepts:				
Understands the concepts and is able to use them				
Comprehensiveness: Evidence of research and thorough coverage of the topic				
Organization:				
Evidence of being able to construct a viable health education unit that is				
internally consistent and thorough				